

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
OAKLAND DIVISION

CIVIL STANDING ORDER FOR MAGISTRATE JUDGE AJAY S. KRISHNAN

Updated August 20, 2026

1. General

Unless otherwise indicated by the Court, this Standing Order applies to all categories of civil cases before Magistrate Judge Ajay S. Krishnan. The Parties shall follow the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, as well as the Northern District of California's Local Rules and General Orders, except as expressly modified herein. Counsel shall also comply with the Northern District of California's Guidelines for Professional Conduct (available at <https://perma.cc/BB7B-XTQX>). Counsel shall review and be familiar with this Standing Order. Failure to comply with any of the applicable rules and orders, including this Standing Order, may be deemed sufficient grounds for sanctions (monetary or otherwise), revocation of *pro hac vice* admission, referral to appropriate state or local bar authorities, dismissal, entry of default judgment, or other appropriate sanctions.

Plaintiff (or in the case of removed cases, any removing Defendant) is directed: (a) to serve copies of this Standing Order upon all other Parties to the action within seven (7) calendar days of the appearance of these other Parties, including any subsequently joined Parties, pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 4 and 5; and (b) to file with the Clerk of the Court a certificate reflecting such service, in accordance with Civil Local Rule 5-5.

2. Consent Cases

In civil cases that are randomly assigned to Judge Krishnan for all purposes, the parties will be asked to submit a form indicating their consent or declination to magistrate judge jurisdiction. The Court asks that the parties file this form promptly.

3. Motions

Hearings. Civil motions (other than discovery motions) may be noticed for hearing on first, third, and fifth Wednesdays at 1:30 p.m., in Courtroom 4, 3rd Floor, United States District Court, 1301 Clay Street, Oakland, California. Counsel need not reserve a hearing date in

advance, and noticed dates may be reset as the Court's calendar requires. Before noticing a motion for hearing, please check the Court's schedule (available at <https://apps.cand.uscourts.gov/CEO/cfd.aspx?71CD>) and review the list of unavailable dates. Scheduling questions should be addressed to Judge Krishnan's courtroom deputy, Kim Means, at (510) 637-1296 or askcrd@cand.uscourts.gov.

Unless the Court orders otherwise, all law and motion hearings, except for discovery disputes, will be conducted in person. If a party wishes to request that a law and motion hearing be conducted via Zoom webinar, the request must be made at least three business days before the scheduled hearing. Such requests will be granted only upon a showing of good cause. Discovery disputes are governed by the procedure described below.

Motions for Summary Judgment. Each party is limited to filing one summary judgment motion. Any party wishing to exceed this limit must request leave of the Court and must show good cause.

Proposed Orders. Proposed orders submitted by an e-filing party shall be submitted in Microsoft Word to askpo@cand.uscourts.gov. Proposed orders are not required for motions filed pursuant to Civil L.R. 7-2, except for motions seeking injunctive relief.

Chambers Copies. Parties do not need to file chambers copies of motion papers.

Filing Exhibits on ECF. When exhibits are included with a motion, opposition brief, or reply brief, the exhibits should be filed separately on ECF. For example, if a motion is Docket No. 30, and a declaration with 10 exhibits is Docket No. 31, Exhibit A should be filed as Docket No. 31-1, Exhibit B should be filed as Docket No. 31-2, and so on. All exhibits should be filed in a searchable OCR format when possible.

4. Amended Pleadings

If a party files an amended pleading, it must file as an attachment a redline comparing the amended pleading against the last pleading.

5. Discovery

Absent leave of Court, parties should not file formal noticed motions under Civil L.R. 7-2 regarding discovery-related disputes. Instead, for all discovery disputes, the parties must meet and confer to attempt to resolve their dispute. The meet and confer must be in person or by videoconference or telephone. A mere exchange of letters, emails, or messages does not satisfy the requirement to meet and confer.

If the parties are unable to reach a resolution, they must file a joint statement of at most 5 single-spaced pages (12-point font or greater) with 2.5 pages allotted per side that: (1) describes each unresolved issue; and (2) states each party's final proposed compromise with respect to

each unresolved issue. Each party may submit supporting declarations and documentation of up to fifteen pages.

In the rare event that the parties are unable to file a joint statement, each party may file a statement of at most two pages. The statement(s) must be filed in ECF under the Civil Events category of Motions and Related Filings > Motions: General > Discovery Letter Brief. Upon review of the statement(s), the Court will advise the parties regarding the need for more briefing, a hearing, or a video or telephonic conference.

Protective Orders. If parties believe a protective order is necessary, they shall when practicable use one of the model protective orders, available at <https://cand.uscourts.gov/rules-forms-fees/northern-district-guidelines/model-protective-orders>. When parties ask the Court to approve a stipulated protective order, they must file with the proposed order either (i) a statement in which they confirm that the proposed protective order doesn't differ in any respect from the model order, or (ii) a redline comparing the proposed protective order with the model order, along with an explanation of any changes. The Court endeavors to use the model orders and discourages making edits to them for purely stylistic reasons, even if all parties agree.

Written Discovery. The party propounding discovery shall provide courtesy copies of all requests for written discovery (i.e., interrogatories, document requests, requests for admission) to the responding party in an electronic format (e.g., Microsoft Word or other word processing application) that easily permits the responding party to copy the requests for purposes of responding to them. Parties responding to discovery are reminded of their obligation to state clearly what they agree to produce and what they refuse to produce.¹

Depositions. Counsel noticing a deposition must consult in advance with opposing counsel (as well as with any unrepresented witness whose deposition is to be noticed) to schedule depositions at a mutually convenient time and location. Counsel and parties must comply with Rule 30(d)(1) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Speaking objections are prohibited. When privilege is claimed, the witness must answer questions relevant to the existence, extent, or waiver of the privilege unless such information is itself privileged.

Privilege Logs. Claims of privilege or work product protection must be sufficiently detailed and informative to justify the privilege or protection claimed; generalized claims of privilege or work product protection are not permitted. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(5). Privilege logs shall be promptly provided, and updated periodically, as documents are reviewed for production. The parties should agree on interim and final dates for the exchange of privilege logs that permit any disputes about claims of privilege or work product protection to be addressed in advance of the discovery cut-off.

Disputes Regarding Search or Collection. When the parties' discovery dispute concerns the adequacy of a search or production, it is the Court's expectation that the producing party

¹ For example, discovery responses offering to produce documents "subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections" are improper if they do not make clear what exactly will and will not be produced.

disclose to the requesting party the material aspects of its search and collection process that would allow the parties and the Court to assess the reasonableness of the search. This would typically include the search terms used, the repositories searched, the person performing the search (*e.g.*, whether it is litigation counsel versus a party itself), among other things, depending on the way in which responsive material is stored. To the extent that the producing party will need to disclose facts to the Court to justify its discovery conduct, those facts should be shared with opposing counsel during the meet-and-confer process, so as to help facilitate a resolution.

Motions for Sanctions. Any party seeking an award of attorney fees or other form of sanction under Fed. R. Civ. P. 37 may not use the expedited joint discovery dispute letter procedure described above but instead must file a motion conforming to the requirements of Civil L.R. 37-4.

6. Civil Case Management

No later than seven days before the initial case management conference, the parties shall file a Joint Case Management Statement in full compliance with Civil Local Rule 16-9 and the Northern District of California’s standing order entitled “Contents of Joint Case Management Statement.” For further case management conferences, the parties shall file an updated joint statement seven days before the scheduled conference.

Unless the Court orders otherwise, case management conferences will be conducted by Zoom Webinar. Instructions for participating in the Zoom Webinar will be provided by Clerk’s Notice and posted on the docket for each conference. Guidance on how to use Zoom functionality is posted on the Court’s website, <https://www.cand.uscourts.gov/zoom/>. If any party believes that a particular conference should be conducted in person, the party must request an in-person conference in the joint case management statement or in a separate submission no later than seven days before the case management conference and must explain why it believes the conference should be conducted in person.

7. Parties Unrepresented by an Attorney

Litigants who are not represented by an attorney (“pro se litigants”) are encouraged to contact the Legal Help Center for assistance. The Center is located on the fourth floor of the Federal Courthouse in Oakland, Room 470S, to the left of the Clerk’s Office. Support is provided by appointment and on a drop-in basis on Mondays and Wednesdays from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Appointments may be made by calling the Center at (415) 782-8982. More information is available on the Court’s website at <https://cand.uscourts.gov/representing-yourself/jdc-legal-help-center-san-francisco-oakland-courthouses>. Pro se litigants are also encouraged to consult the Court’s “Pro Se Handbook,” available at <https://cand.uscourts.gov/representing-yourself/pro-se-handbook> and from the Clerk’s Office.

Pro se litigants may file documents manually, unless they have applied for and been given permission to become an ECF user pursuant to Civil L.R. 5-1(b). To manually file documents, litigants should bring an original and three copies to the Clerk's Office on the fourth floor of the Federal Courthouse in Oakland.

8. Other Matters

Skills Development. When a party intends to have a junior attorney argue, it shall notify the Court by emailing Courtroom Deputy Means at askcrd@cand.uscourts.gov at least one week before the hearing date. An attorney is considered "junior" for these purposes if they have fewer than seven years of experience and have argued fewer than five motions in federal court. The Court will consider the participation of junior attorneys when determining whether to hear argument.

Statement of Appearances. Litigants and lawyers shall arrive at least ten minutes before their in-person or virtual hearing or conference to state their appearances to Judge Krishnan's Courtroom Deputy, Kim Means.

Mode of Address. Litigants and lawyers may indicate their preferred pronouns (e.g., she/her, he/him, they/their) and honorifics (e.g., Mr., Ms., Mx., Dr.) either: (a) confidentially by sending an email to askpo@cand.uscourts.gov or mailing a confidential letter to Judge Krishnan's chambers; or (b) non-confidentially by filing a request on the case docket, saying so at a hearing or conference with the Court (including at the time of stating one's appearance with Judge Krishnan's Courtroom Deputy), or adding such information in the name block or signature block of the pleadings.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: August 20, 2026



AJAY KRISHNAN
United States Magistrate Judge